

Discharge clean process

Clostridium difficile infection and multi-resistant organisms

Prior to commencement

- Ensure patient and their belongings have vacated the room
- Clinical equipment should be cleaned and removed by nursing staff
- Discard all items that cannot be cleaned including consumables, toilet brush and bed pans

Personal protective equipment (PPE)

- Disposable plastic apron or long-sleeve gown
- Gloves

Cleaning products

- Detergent and 1000ppm available chlorine

Either:

- 2-in-1 clean: physical clean using a combined detergent and 1000ppm available chlorine solution or impregnated wipe

or

- 2-step clean: physical clean using detergent followed by 1000ppm available chlorine solution or impregnated wipe.

Cleaning process

- Empty bins, wash and replace liners
- Wipe all stainless steel surfaces with a cloth moistened with water
- Clean bed and furniture
- Clean frequently touched and horizontal surfaces
- Clean basins and sinks
- Spot clean walls
- Clean soap and hand towel dispensers
- Mop floor
- Change bed curtains

Ensuite

- Clean furniture
- Spot clean walls
- Clean Mirrors
- Clean soap and hand towel dispensers
- Clean sinks
- Clean shower fixtures
- Clean toilet
- Mop floor
- Change shower curtains

On completion

- Change mop head and treat as foul linen
- Empty and clean mop bucket with a combined chlorine and detergent solution
- Remove PPE and wash hands with soap and water
- Notify nurse in charge of ward that room has been cleaned