Queensland	(Affix identification label here)
Government	URN:
lleostomy and Colostomy	Family name:
Closure Consent	Given name(s):
Adult (18 years and over)	Address:
Facility:	Date of birth: Sex: M F
•	
A. Does the patient have capacity? ☐ Yes → GO TO section B	E. Risks specific to the patient in <i>not</i> having an ileostomy and colostomy closure
$\square \text{ No } \rightarrow \text{ COMPLETE section } A$	(Doctor/clinician to document specific risks in not having an
You must adhere to the Advance Health Directive (AHD or if there is no AHD, the consent obtained from a subst decision-maker in the following order: Category 1. Tribu appointed guardian; 2. Enduring Power of Attorney; or 3. Statutory Health Attorney. Name of substitute decision-maker:	titute
Category of substitute decision-maker:	
B. Is an interpreter required?	
 If yes, the interpreter has: provided a sight translation of the informed consent fin person translated the informed consent form over the telephone Name of interpreter: 	
	F. Alternative treatment options
Interpreter code: Language:	(Doctor/clinician to document alternative treatment not
	included in the patient information sheet):
C. Patient/substitute decision-maker requests following procedure(s)	the
lleostomy and colostomy closure	
D. Risks specific to the patient in having an	
ileostomy and colostomy closure	
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ileostomy and colostomy closure (Doctor/clinician to document additional risks not include	G. Information for the doctor/clinician The information in this consent form is not intended to be a substitute for direct communication between the doctor/ clinician and the patient/substitute decision-maker. I have explained to the patient/substitute decision-maker the contents of this form and am of the opinion that the information has been understood.
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v6.00 Clinical content review: 2011



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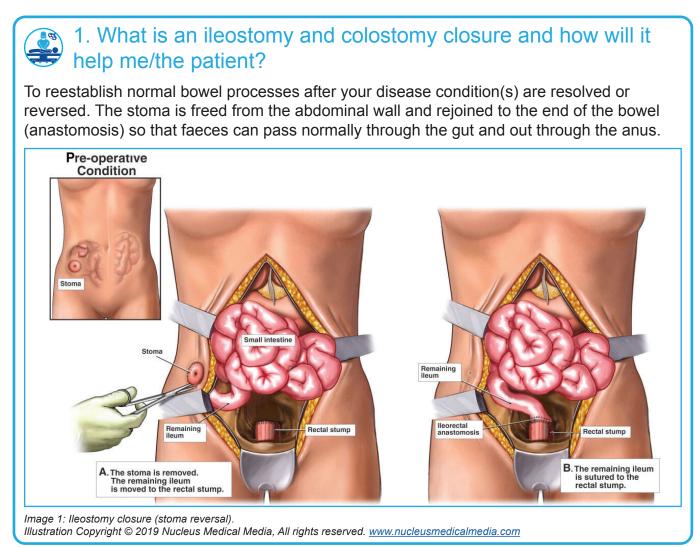
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Date of birth: Sex: M F I B H. Patient/substitute decision-maker consent 2) Student examination/procedure for professional #	apted v
I acknowledge that the doctor/clinician has explained: • • the "iteostomy and colostomy closure" patient information sheet • • the prognosis, and risks on the having the procedure • • the prognosis, and risks on the having the procedure • • that the is on guarantee the procedure within the patient is under aneasthetic. • • that the is on guarantee the procedure within the patient is under aneasthetic. • • that the is on guarantee the procedure within the patient is under aneasthetic. • • that the is on guarantee the procedure within the patient is under aneasthetic. • • that the codure may involve a blood transfusion • • that the is on guarantee the procedure withing various (a, AHD or ARP • • that the doctor/clinican with groups and used to diagnosis/ • • that diffication inclust the closuitant/specialist • • that diffication inclust the closuitant/specialist • • that diffication inclust the iso to record. (with loc advice) inclust a state the store conduct with a state do sign a separate consent to may alter transmation(s)/procedure(s) > • that diffication inclust student(s) • • • that diffication inclust student(s) • • • that difficatorinclinican with the coductrolinican student	Except as permitted under the <i>Cosymptical</i> Are Except as permitted under the <i>Cosymptical</i> Are produced communicated or adapted without the produced commun

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS BINDING MARGIN



Adult (18 years and over) | Informed consent: patient information

A copy of this form should be given to the patient/substitute decision-maker to read carefully and allow time to ask any questions about the procedure. The consent form and patient information sheet should be included in the patient's medical record.





There are risks and complications with this procedure. There may also be risks specific to each person's individual condition and circumstances. Please discuss these with the doctor/clinician and ensure they are written on the consent form before you sign it. Risks include but are not limited to the following:

Specific risks

- deep bleeding in the abdominal cavity could occur and this may need fluid replacement or further surgery
- the bowel closure may leak and infection develop, and the bowel may open up or need to be re-opened and the stoma be reformed
- · bowel motions may be initially frequent and loose. This is usually temporary

- adhesions (bands of scar tissue) may form and cause bowel obstruction. This can be a short-term or a long-term complication and may need further surgery
- a weakness can occur in the wound with the development of a rupture. This may require further surgery
- healing of the wound may be abnormal. The wound can be thickened and red, and the scar may be painful
- increased risk in smokers of wound and chest infections, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis.

General risks

- Infection can occur, requiring antibiotics and further treatment
- bleeding could occur and may require a return to the operating room. Bleeding is more common if you have been taking blood thinning drugs, such as warfarin, aspirin, clopidogrel (Plavix, Iscover, Coplavix), prasugrel (Effient), dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasantin), ticagrelor (Brilinta), apixaban (Eliquis), dabigatran (Pradaxa), rivaroxaban (Xarelto) or complementary/alternative medicines, such as fish oil and turmeric
- small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy
- increased risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis
- heart attack or stroke could occur due to the strain on the heart
- blood clot in the leg (DVT) causing pain and swelling. In rare cases part of the clot may break off and go to the lungs
- death as a result of this procedure is possible.

This procedure will require an anaesthetic.

For more information about the anaesthetic and the risks involved, please refer to the anaesthetic information sheet that has been provided to you. Discuss any concerns with the doctor/clinician.

If you have not been given an anaesthetic information sheet, please ask for one.

What are the risks of not having an ileostomy and colostomy closure?

There may be consequences if you choose not to have the proposed procedure/ treatment/investigation/examination. Please discuss these with the doctor/clinician.

If you choose not to have the procedure, you will not be required to sign a consent form.

If you have signed a consent form, you have the right to change your mind at any time prior to the procedure/treatment/ investigation/examination. Please contact the doctor/clinician to discuss.

3. Are there alternatives?

Making the decision to have a procedure requires the patient/substitute decisionmaker to understand the options available. Please discuss any alternative treatment options with your doctor/clinician before signing the consent form.



4. What should I expect after the procedure?

Your healthcare team will talk to you about what to expect after your procedure and upon discharge from hospital.

5. Who will be performing the procedure?

A doctor/clinician other than the consultant/ specialist may assist with/conduct the clinically appropriate procedure/treatment/ investigation/examination. This could be a doctor/clinician undergoing further training, however all trainees are supervised according to relevant professional guidelines.

If you have any concerns about which doctor/ clinician will be performing the procedure, please discuss with the doctor/clinician.

For the purpose of undertaking professional training in this teaching hospital, a clinical student(s) may observe medical examination(s) or procedure(s) and may also, subject to your consent, assist with/ conduct an examination or procedure on a patient while the patient is under anaesthetic. If you choose not to consent, it will not adversely affect your access, outcome or rights to medical treatment in any way. You are under no obligation to consent to an examination(s) or a procedure(s) being undertaken by a clinical student(s) for training purposes.

6. Where can I find support or more information?

Hospital care: before, during and after is available on the Queensland Health website <u>www.qld.gov.au/health/services/hospital-</u> <u>care/before-after</u> where you can read about your healthcare rights.

You can also see a list of blood thinning medications at <u>www.health.qld.gov.au/</u> <u>consent/bloodthinner</u>.

Staff are available to support patients' cultural and spiritual needs. If you would like cultural or spiritual support, please discuss with your doctor/clinician.

Queensland Health recognises that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander patients will experience the best clinical care when their culture is included during shared decision-making.



Please ask the doctor/clinician if you do not understand any aspect of this patient information sheet or if you have any questions about your/the patient's medical condition, treatment options and proposed procedure/treatment/investigation/ examination.



In an emergency, call Triple Zero (000).

If it is not an emergency, but you have concerns, contact 13 HEALTH (13 43 25 84), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

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lleostomy and colostomy closure patient information